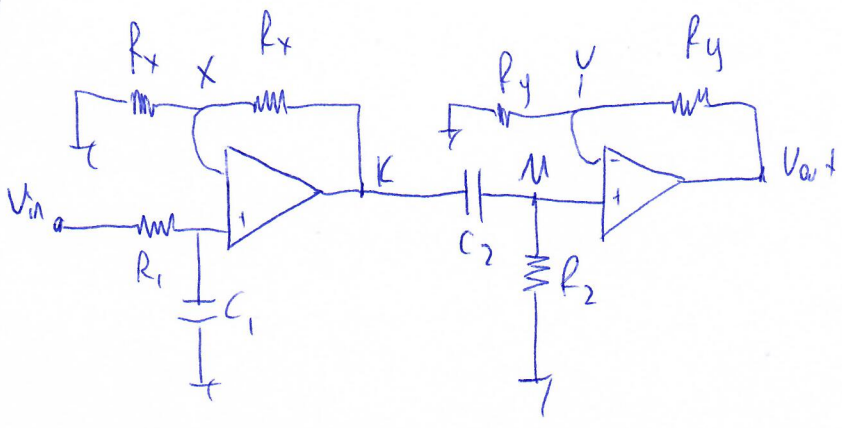
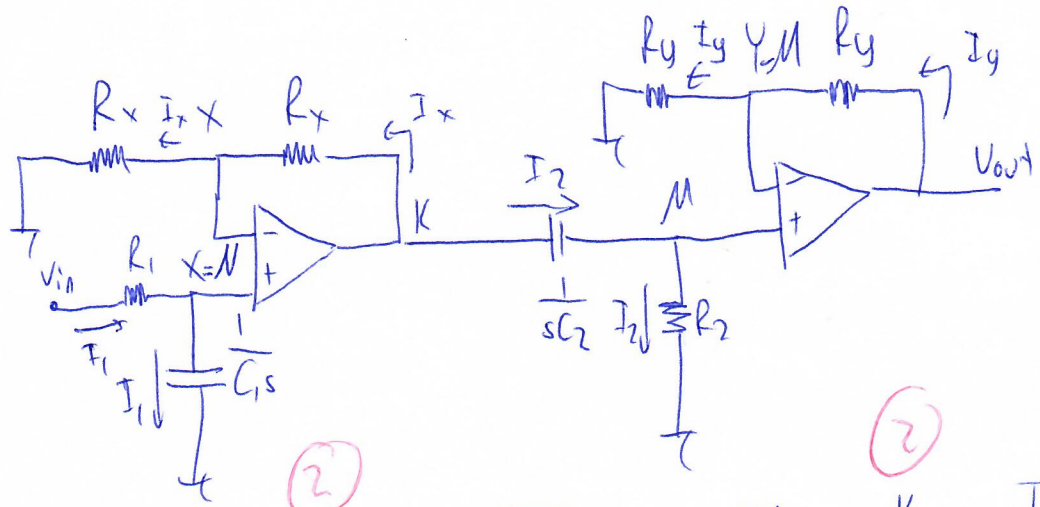


(Q1)

(a)



In Laplace (impedance values of circuit elements are shown)



$$I_x = \frac{K}{2R_x} = \frac{X}{R_x}$$

$$X = \frac{K}{2}$$

$$N = X$$

$$N = \frac{K}{2}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{2R_y} = \frac{Y}{R_y}$$

$$Y = \frac{V_{out}}{2}$$

$$M = Y$$

$$M = \frac{V_{out}}{2}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_{in} - N}{R_1} = \frac{N}{\frac{1}{sC_1}}$$

$$V_{in} = N \left[1 + sC_1 R_1 \right]$$

$$I_2 = \frac{K - M}{\frac{1}{sC_2}} = \frac{M}{R_2}$$

$$K s C_2 = M \left[\frac{1}{R_2} + s C_2 \right]$$

$$K s C_2 = M \left[\frac{1 + s C_2 R_2}{R_2} \right]$$

$$\frac{K}{M} = \frac{1 + s C_2 R_2}{s C_2 R_2}$$

(3)

(3)

$$V_{in} = \frac{K}{2} [HsC_1R_1] \rightarrow V_{in} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{M [1+sR_2C_2] [1+sR_1C_1]}{sC_2R_2}$$

$$V_{in} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{V_{out}}{2} \frac{[1+sR_2C_2] [1+sR_1C_1]}{sC_2R_2}$$

Burleştirmo 2

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{4sC_2R_2}{[1+sR_2C_2] [1+sR_1C_1]}$$

$$R_2 = 10^6 \Omega$$

$$R_1 = 10^6 \Omega$$

$$C_1 = 10^{-6} F$$

$$C_2 = \frac{1}{16} \times 10^{-6} F$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{4s \left(\frac{1}{16} \times 10^{-6} \right) 10^6}{[1 + 10^6 \times \frac{1}{16} \times 10^{-6} s] [1 + s 10^6 \times 10^{-6}]}$$

Görüş 4

$$= \frac{1}{4} \frac{s}{[1 + \frac{s}{16}] [1 + s]} = \frac{4s}{[s+16] [s+1]}$$

Sonuç 4

$$(d) 20 \log \left(\frac{4\omega}{(\omega^2+16)^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right) = |H(j\omega)|_{dB}$$

$$|H(j\omega)|_{dB} = 20 \log 4 + 20 \log \omega - 20 \log (\omega^2+16)^{\frac{1}{2}} - 20 \log (\omega^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\underline{0 < \omega < 1}$$

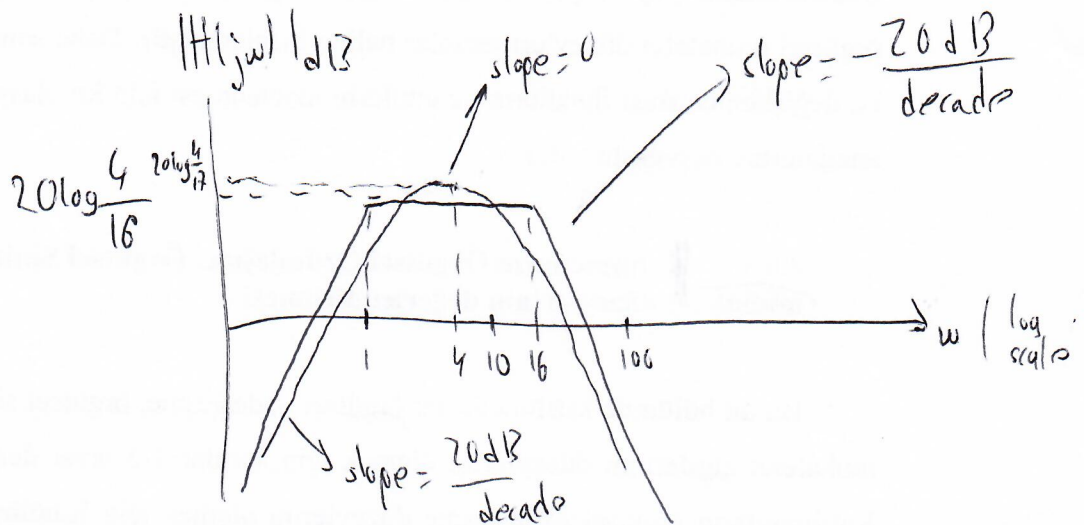
$$\begin{aligned} |H(j\omega)|_{dB} &\approx 20 \log 4 + 20 \log \omega - 20 \log \sqrt{16^2} - 20 \log \sqrt{1^2} \\ &= 20 \log 4 - 20 \log 16 + 20 \log \omega = 20 \log \frac{4}{16} + 20 \log \omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{1 < \omega < 16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |H(j\omega)|_{dB} &\approx 20 \log 4 + 20 \log \omega - 20 \log \sqrt{16^2} - 20 \log \sqrt{\omega^2} \\ &= 20 \log \frac{4}{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$16 < \omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} |H(j\omega)|_{dB} &= 20 \log 4 + 20 \log \omega - 20 \log \omega - 20 \log \omega \\ &= 20 \log 4 - 20 \log \omega \end{aligned}$$

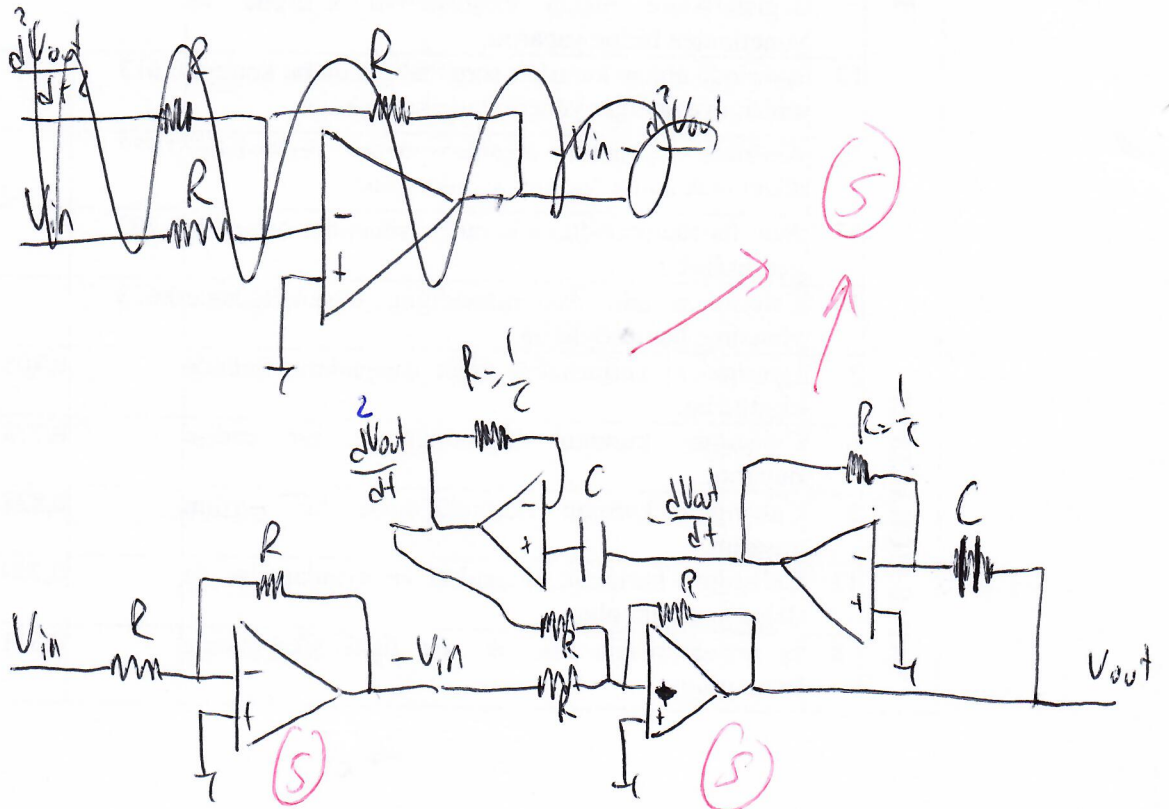
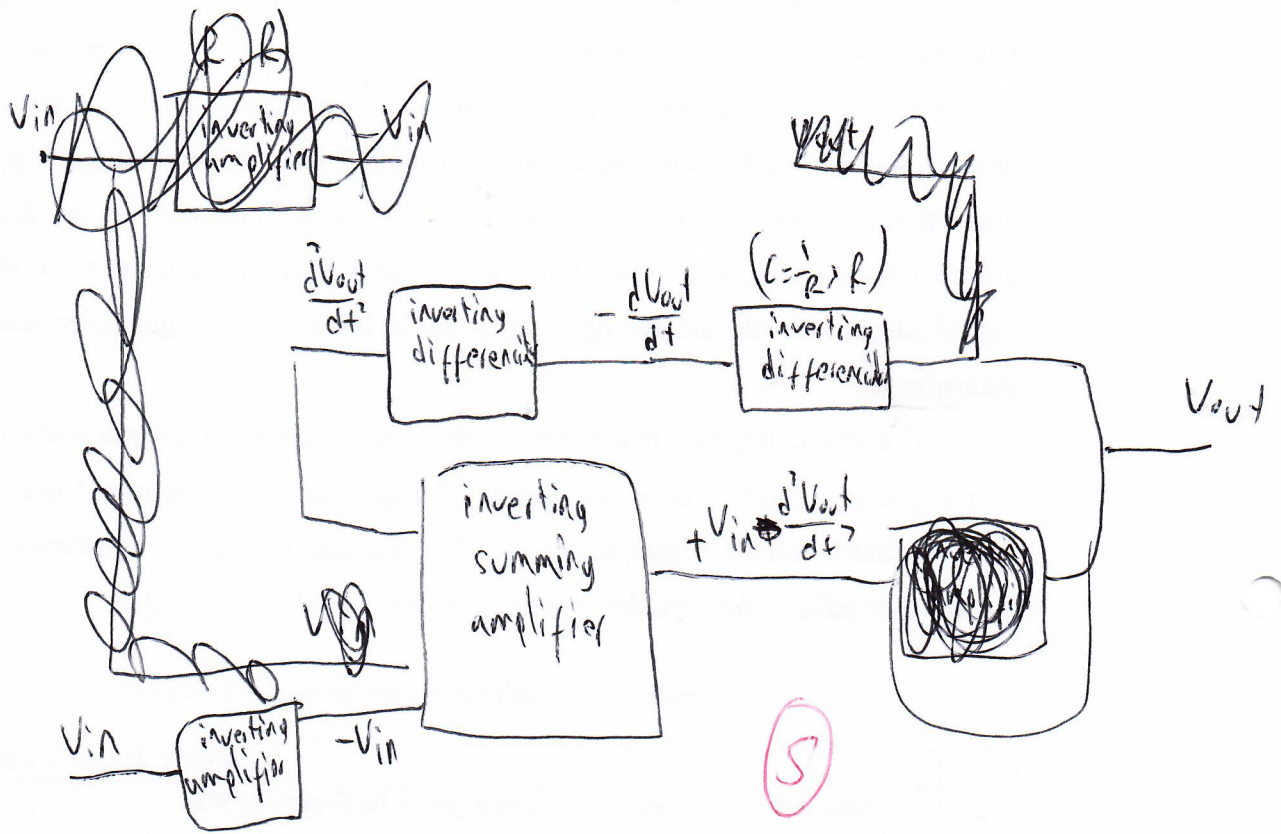


Exact value
if $\omega = 4$ $|H(j\omega)|_{dB} = 20 \log \frac{4}{17}$

Q2

$$\frac{d^2 V_{out}}{dt^2} + V_{out} = V_{in}$$

$$V_{out} = V_{in} - \frac{d^2 V_{out}}{dt^2}$$



Q3

$$R_{in} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_1}$$

$$I_{in} = I_1 + I_2 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{V_{in}}{Z_{in}} = \frac{V_{in}}{R_{in}} + \frac{V_{in} - V_{out}}{X_C}$$

$$\frac{1}{Z_{in}} = \frac{1}{R_{in}} + \frac{1 - \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}}{X_C} \quad (7)$$

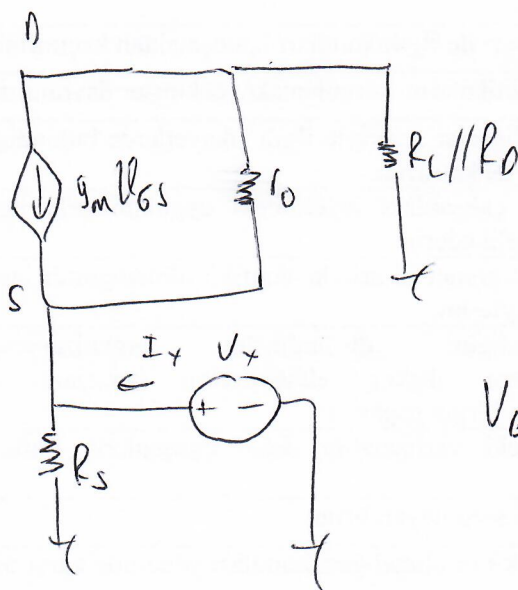
$$\frac{1}{Z_{in}} = \frac{1}{R_{in}} + \frac{1 - A_v}{X_C}$$

$$Z_{in} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_{in}} + \frac{1 - A_v}{X_C}} = \frac{R_{in} X_C}{X_C + (1 - A_v) R_{in}} \quad (2)$$

Q4 Let C_g and C_d shorted, V_{in} short circuit
put a test source instead of C_s (V_x) and calculate current I_x



(3)



$$V_G = 0$$
$$V_S = V_x$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - V_S$$
$$= -V_S = -V_x$$

$$g_m V_{GS} + I_x = \frac{V_S}{R_S} + \frac{V_S - V_D}{r_o}$$

$$g_m V_{GS} + \frac{V_D - V_S}{r_o} + \frac{V_D}{R_L} + \frac{V_D}{R_D} = 0$$

$$g_m [0 - V_x] + I_x = \frac{V_x}{R_S} + \frac{V_x - V_D}{r_o}$$

$$-g_m V_x - \frac{V_x}{r_o} + V_D \left[\frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{R_D} \right] = 0$$

$$I_x = \left[g_m + \frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} \right] V_x - \frac{V_D}{r_o}$$

$$\left[g_m + \frac{1}{r_o} \right] V_x = V_D \left[\frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{R_D} \right]$$

$$\frac{V_D}{V_x} = \frac{g_m r_o}{\frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{R_D}}$$

$$\frac{I_x}{V_x} = \frac{1}{R_{slow}} = \left[g_m + \frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} \right] - \frac{1}{r_o} \frac{V_D}{V_x}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{slow}} = \left[g_m + \frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} \right] - \frac{1}{r_o} \frac{g_m r_o}{\frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{R_D}}$$

$$R_{slow} = \frac{1}{\left[g_m + \frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} \right] - \frac{1}{r_o} \frac{g_m r_o}{\frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{R_D}}}$$

$$C_S = 1 \mu F$$

$$R_S = 1000 \Omega$$

$$r_o = 1000 \Omega$$

$$R_D = 1000 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 1000 \Omega$$

$$g_m = 10^{-3}$$

$$R_{slow} = \frac{1}{\left[10^{-3} + 10^{-3} + 10^{-3} \right] - \frac{1}{1000} \frac{10^{-3} + 10^{-3}}{3 \times 10^{-3}}}$$

$$R_{slow} = \frac{1}{3 \times 10^{-3} - 10^{-3} \frac{2}{3}} = \frac{10^3}{\left(\frac{9-2}{3} \right)} = \frac{3 \times 10^3}{7}$$

$$f_{R_{slow}} = \frac{1}{2\pi C_S R_{slow}} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 10^{-6} \times \frac{3 \times 10^3}{7}} = \frac{7 \times 10^6}{6 \times \pi \times 10^3} = \frac{7 \times 10^3}{6 \times \pi}$$